



Community of Metros
CoMET



Nova
Group of metros

Use of Multi-Functional Staff in Metro Systems Across the World

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Benchmarking: Comparing Performance and Sharing Good Ideas with a Focus on Improvement

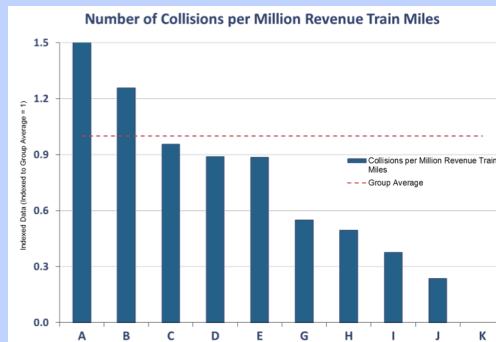
Benchmarking Is:

A systematic process of **continuously** measuring, comparing and **understanding** performance and **changes** in performance

Of a **diversity** of key business processes

Against **comparable peers**

To help the participants **improve their performance**



(Adapted from the definition by Lema and Price)

Benchmarking Provides:

■ Perspective through Data:

- How do we **compare** to our peers?
- What are our **strengths**?
- What are our **weaknesses**?
- Quantitative Backing for “rules of thumb”

■ Best Practices through Discussion:

- What are others doing to **improve**?
- What **works**/what doesn't?
- How to **implement best practices**.

“Rarely is there a challenge that someone else hasn't faced...”

International Benchmarking: Eight Public Transit Groups – Benefits Drive Continued Participation

Imperial College London

Railway and Transport Strategy Centre



Community of Metros
CoMET

Founded 1994

18 Members,
including New
York, London,
and Hong Kong



Nova
Group of metros

Founded 1998

20 Members,
including Rio,
Toronto, and
Barcelona



Founded 2004

15 Members,
including Dublin,
Montreal, Paris,
and Singapore



Founded 2010

14 Members,
including Munich,
Tokyo, and
Sydney



Founded 2011

22 Members,
including Austin,
Cleveland, and
Rhode Island



Founded 2016

11 Members,
including Dallas,
Seattle, Calgary,
and Charlotte

**International
Mainline Rail**

Founded 2016

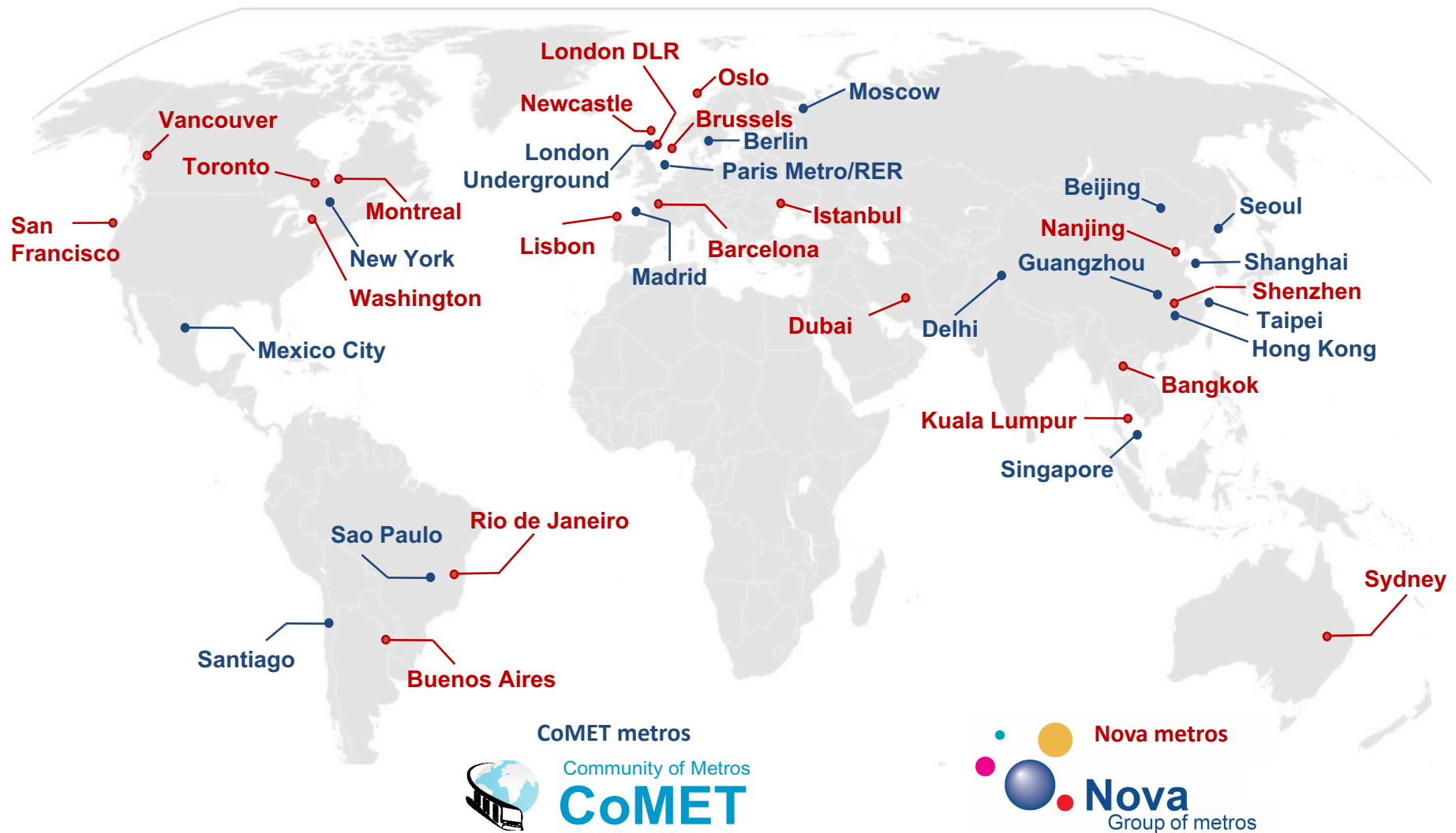
6 Members, with
Norway, Belgium,
Netherlands, and
Australia

**Railway
Infrastructure**

Founded 2016

4 members,
initially in
Australia

CoMET and Nova: The World's Metro Benchmarking Community – Now 38 Urban Rail Systems in 36 World Cities



Six Main Types of Multifunctional Roles Were Identified – 3/4 of Responding Metros Already Have and 2/3 Plan to Increase

Ticketing + other station tasks



Stations + driving



Attendants on GoA3/4 lines



Maintenance + driving, stations or other maintenance



Combining multiple roles/desks in OCC



OCC + driving, stations, or staff management



Station-Based Multi-Functional Roles are the Most Common, Starting with Combining Ticketing and Other Functions

Selling tickets



Customer information



Platform management



Changes to Station Staffing Models Reflect Need to Make Most Efficient Use of Resources and Respond to Customer Needs

Key outcomes of station multi-functional roles in European metros:

- Reduced costs, partly offset by added infrastructure, security, and supervision
- No loss in revenue
- Increased customer satisfaction, with staff easier to contact (despite fewer total staff)
- Increased staff satisfaction (and motivation)



Barcelona Metro: “Staff do whatever is needed to make the metro work”

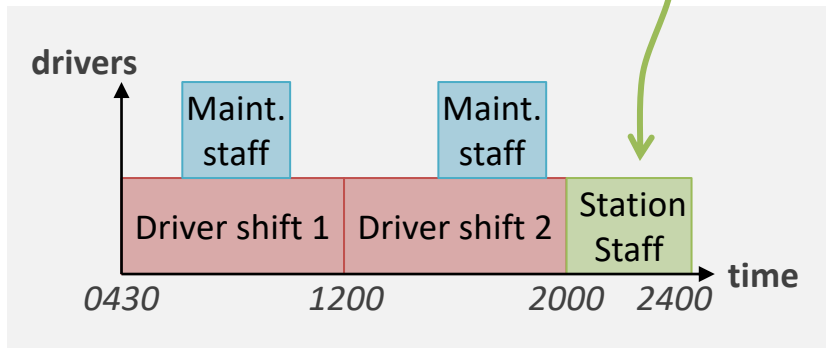


Removing ticket offices or station booths and bringing station staff in front of customers

Example of Combined Train Driving and Station Roles at a European Metro

“Station”

- **50% driving trains in service**
 - During the last 4 hours of service



- **40% performing station tasks**
 - platform and dwell management
 - customer information
 - station administration
- **10% office work**

“Movement”

- **60% driving**
 - Based on needs, e.g. filling in for absent drivers
- **10% network incident response**
 - e.g. securing switches
- **10% incident response in stations**
 - e.g. responding to sick passengers, door failures, or urgent cleaning
- **20% miscellaneous missions**
 - e.g. customer satisfaction surveys

Examples of Multifunctional Maintenance Staff Roles – Focus on Flexibility and Better Collaboration Across Functions

Rolling stock maintainers drive trains during peak hours when trains are in use



Saves headcount and improves working relationships between operations and maintenance (for a small pay premium)

Track workers: 15 days daytime repairs; 15 days overnight reconstruction



Avoiding continuous night work helps staff mental health and reduces wage costs

Use the same group of staff to both drive and maintain engineering vehicles



Maintenance technicians trained in multiple disciplines

Quick reaction for corrective maintenance, especially on elevators and escalators

Difficult to retain such highly-skilled technicians

Difficult to keep technicians trained across many areas as technology develops

Five Key Areas Sum Up the Opportunities, Enablers and Barriers to Multi-Functional Working

Organisational Vision, Philosophy, & Culture



Staff Management



Staff Skills



Technology and Automation



Fresh Starts



There are Currently Several Global Automation Trends, Each of Which Helps to Enable Multi-Functional Working

Fresh Starts

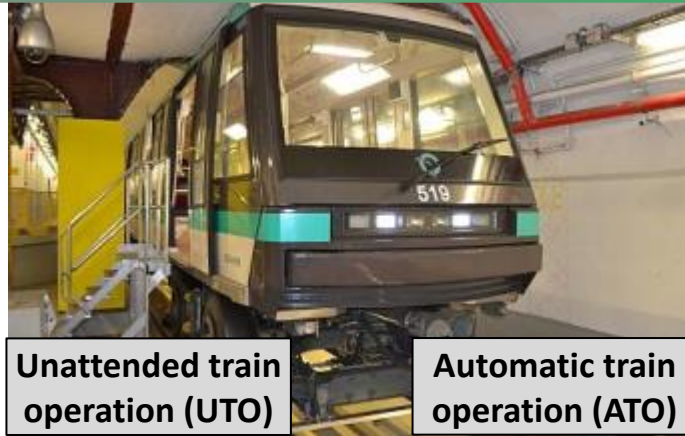
Technology and Automation

Enablers

- ✓ New lines and stations
- ✓ Modernization
- ✓ New contracts

Barriers

- ✗ Limited funding
- ✗ Old technology
- ✗ Station design



Significant Benefits of Multi-Functional Staff for Metros, Employees, and Customers

6% - 64% staff
reduction

Minimise/avoid hiring
when expanding

Redeploy employees for
better customer service

5-15% pay
increase

Reclassified to
more senior
level

4%-300%
more training

Multi-functional roles tend to be **more interesting and rewarding**

Multi-functionality can **develop the careers** of talented employees

Multi-functional roles build **operational flexibility & resilience**



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Thank You!

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