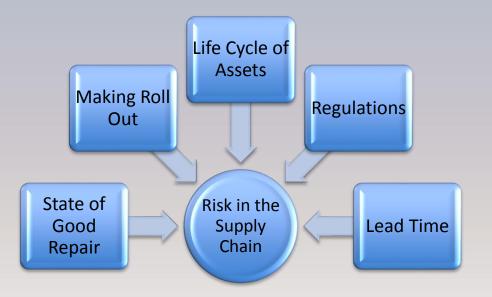
Supply Chain of the Future

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority



Understanding the Risks in Metro's Supply Chain

- Keeping revenue assets in a State of Good Repair (SGR)
- Making Roll Out No Buses or Railcars down for materials
- Understanding the Life Cycle of materials (avoiding obsolescence)
- Regulations lowest cost, best value procurements
- Managing vendor lead times





Understanding your Supply Chain as a Process

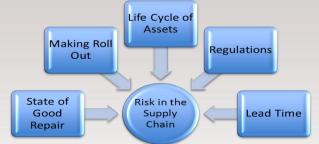


- Start with a risk checklist:
 - Checklist for capabilities (strategic)
 - Checklists for individual materials or commodities (tactical)
 - Managing stakeholder expectations (monitoring and control)
- From the risk checklist comes the risk plans
 - Strategic risk plan
 - Tactical risk plan
- Stakeholder Buy-in is essential for any plan



Risk Checklist (Strategic)

- Operational Risk Management (ORM) is a continuous process where risk assessment, risk decision making, controlling risks is determined at a Strategic Level
- Four principals of ORM:
 - 1. Avoid unnecessary Supply Chain risk making roll out
 - 2. Plan against Supply Chain risk where you can state of good repair
 - 3. Accept risk where the benefits outweigh the cost lead time, life cycle
 - 4. Make decisions at the right level regulations, lowest cost- best value
- The ORM should match the Agency's Capabilities to accomplish the Mission Statement (MS)



Metro is responsible for the continuous improvement of an efficient and effective transportation system for Los Angeles County



Risk Checklist (Tactical)

- Tactical risk is risk that is associated with hazards that exist due to the presence of the enemy on the battlefield
- Material battlefield the ability to supply material where it is needed, when it is needed, in the quantities needed over time (against the cost of doing so)
- Management looks at each material (see example below) and develops a tactical risk management plan
- The Supply Chain of the future will be a tally of these calculations

Risk Model - Tactical Case Study

	Risk of a Supplier Stocking Out of Material 123456				
	Annual Usage: \$500K				
	Probability				
Importance	Frequent	Likely	Occasional	Seldom	
Catastrophic	E	E	Н	Μ	
Big Deal	Н	Н	Μ	Μ	
Small Deal	М	Μ	L	L	
Not Important	L	L	L	L	

Lead Time = 90 Days

	Service Level	Inv Value
E (Extremely High)	99%	\$150K
H (High)	95%	\$100K
M (Medium)	85%	\$85K
L (Low, no impact)	80%	\$75K



Material Risk - Right Sized Inventories

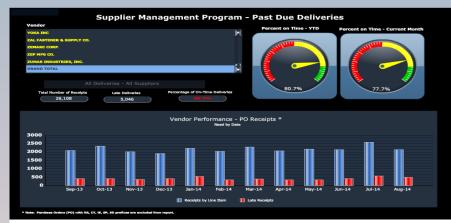
- Materials held in inventory in the right quantities, at the right location can manage much of the material risk
- The material held in inventory should match the demand and replenishment profile for that material at that location over time
- Calibrating and re-calibrating inventory levels over time is a key element in the supply chain of the future



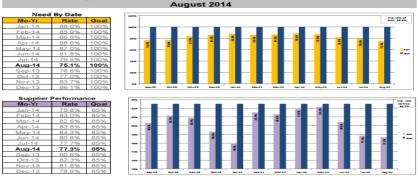


Vendors and Risk

- Metro has over 700 active vendors
- Metro issues over 26,000 purchase orders each year
- Risks include:
 - On-Time Performance
 - Lead Time Inconsistencies
- Controlling elements of risk:
 - Vendor On-Time
 - Vendor Need-by-Date (NBD)
- Vendors with high on-time delivery percentages and the ability to consistently book replenishment orders on or before the need-by-date helps Metro manage their Supply Chain risk



Need by Date & Supplier Performance Charts



Source: M3 / FIS / Accounting Rep

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Summary – Next Steps

- Metro is in the process of developing its Supply Chain of the future
- At the center of our Supply Chain capabilities is the ability to manage *strategic* and *tactical* risks for materials across the Agency
- Metro is currently focusing on two new software implementations (order points/forecasting and contract management) and will be following up with risk management/total cost modeling in the future
- We will go deeper with the Vendor Management program in 2015

Eric O'Connor, Los Angeles County Metro

