



Cyber Monitoring in Modern Transit

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**Rockwell
Collins**

Building trust every day



Overview

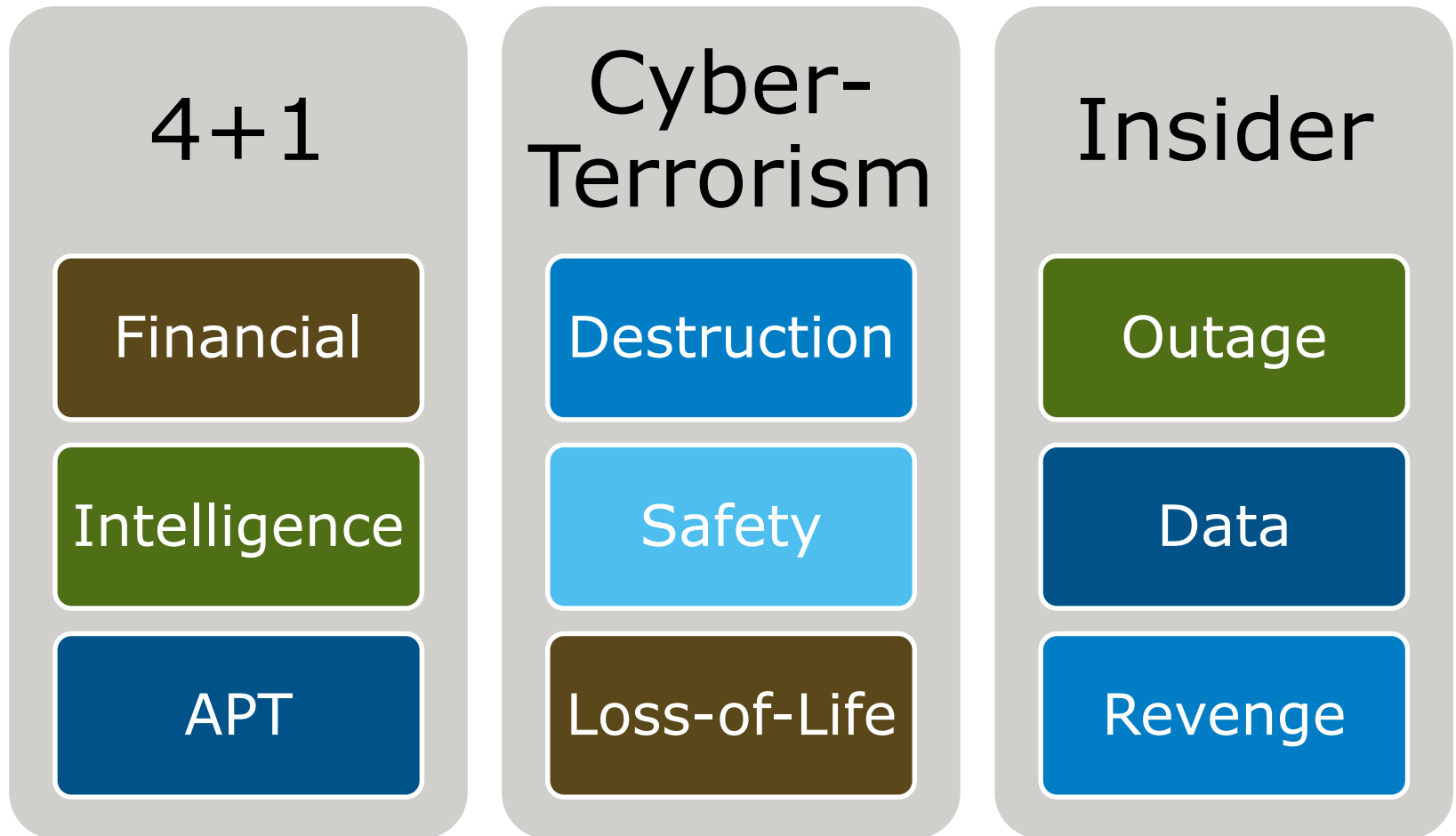
- Bottom Line Up Front: monitoring operational networks is critical
- What are the cyber-threats facing rail?
- What do monitoring technologies *really do*?
- How to use cyber-monitoring technologies to your advantage
- Scenario based discussion
- Wrap Up



Bottom Line Up Front

- Yes, rail is vulnerable to cyber-attacks
 - IT – we've seen it happen many times in the form of ransomware
 - OT – if we can find viruses on information displays; imagine what else could be found if we looked hard enough
 - Cyber-terrorism, Nation States, & Insider Threats
- Cybersecurity is not a plug-n-play technology; it is an organizational philosophy
- One word can sum up the end goal: **RESILIENCY**

Cybersecurity Threats to Rail



Cybersecurity Threats to Rail

4 + 1

Phishing

Supply Chain

Vendor

Financial Gain

Advanced Capability

APT

Paid Operatives

Targeted

Attack Hierarchy

Deep Pivot

Cyber-Terrorism

Phishing

Physical

Targeted

Ransomware

Destruction

Manipulation

Denial-of-Service

Insider

Malware

Denial-of-Service

USB/Flash Drive

Code Manipulation

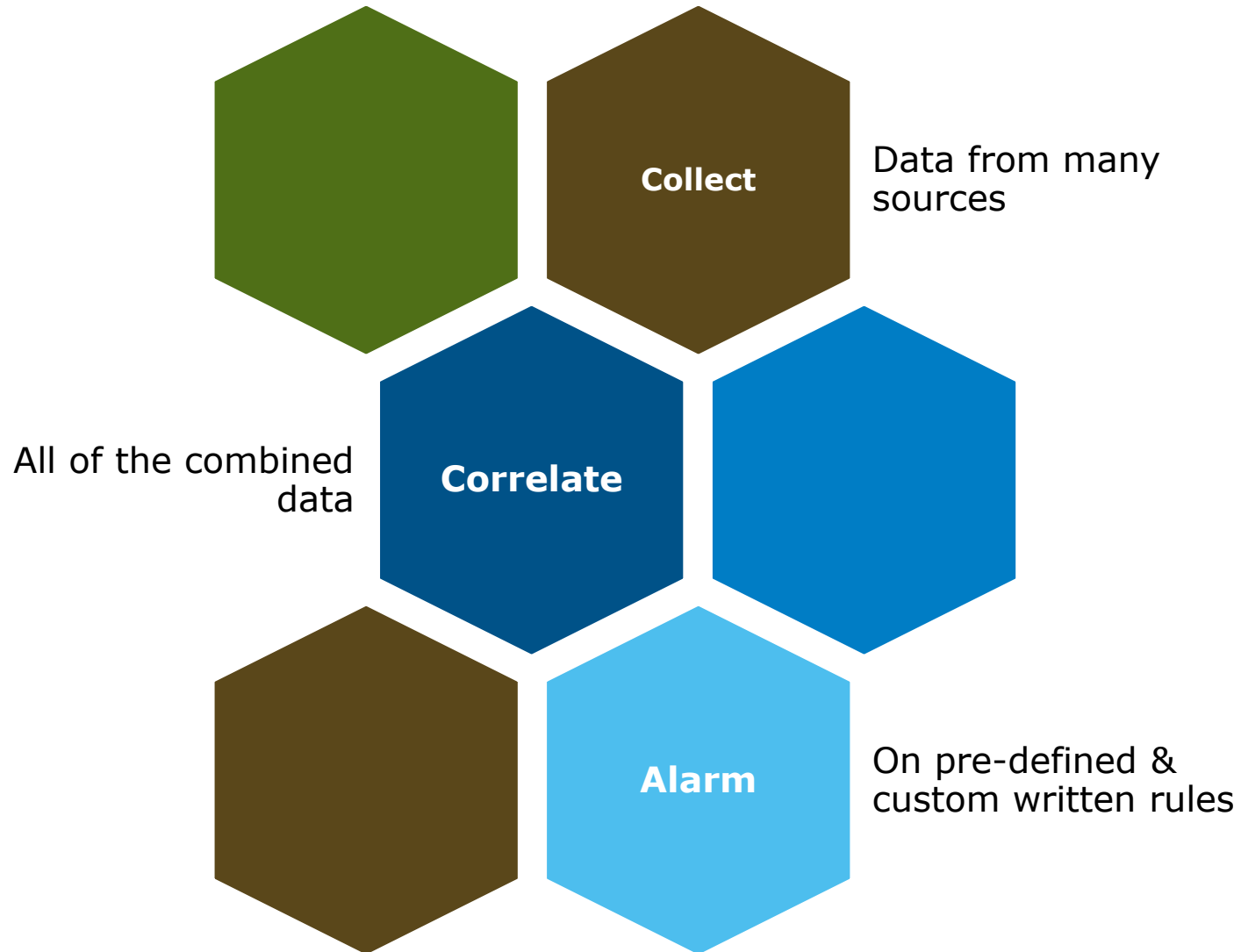
Data-exfiltration

Knowledge of System

Access to equipment

Access to data

What Do Monitoring Technologies *Really* Do?



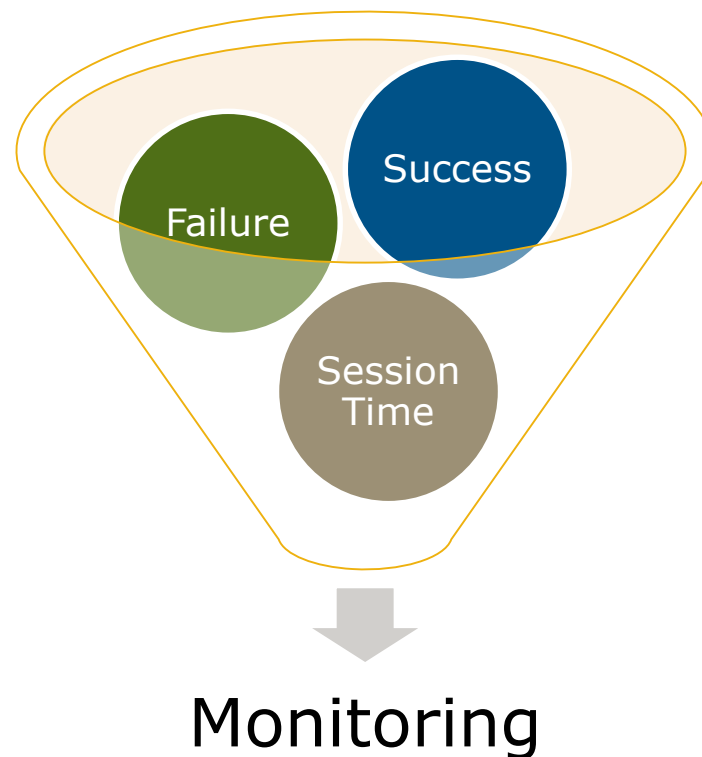


Using Cyber-monitoring To Your Advantage

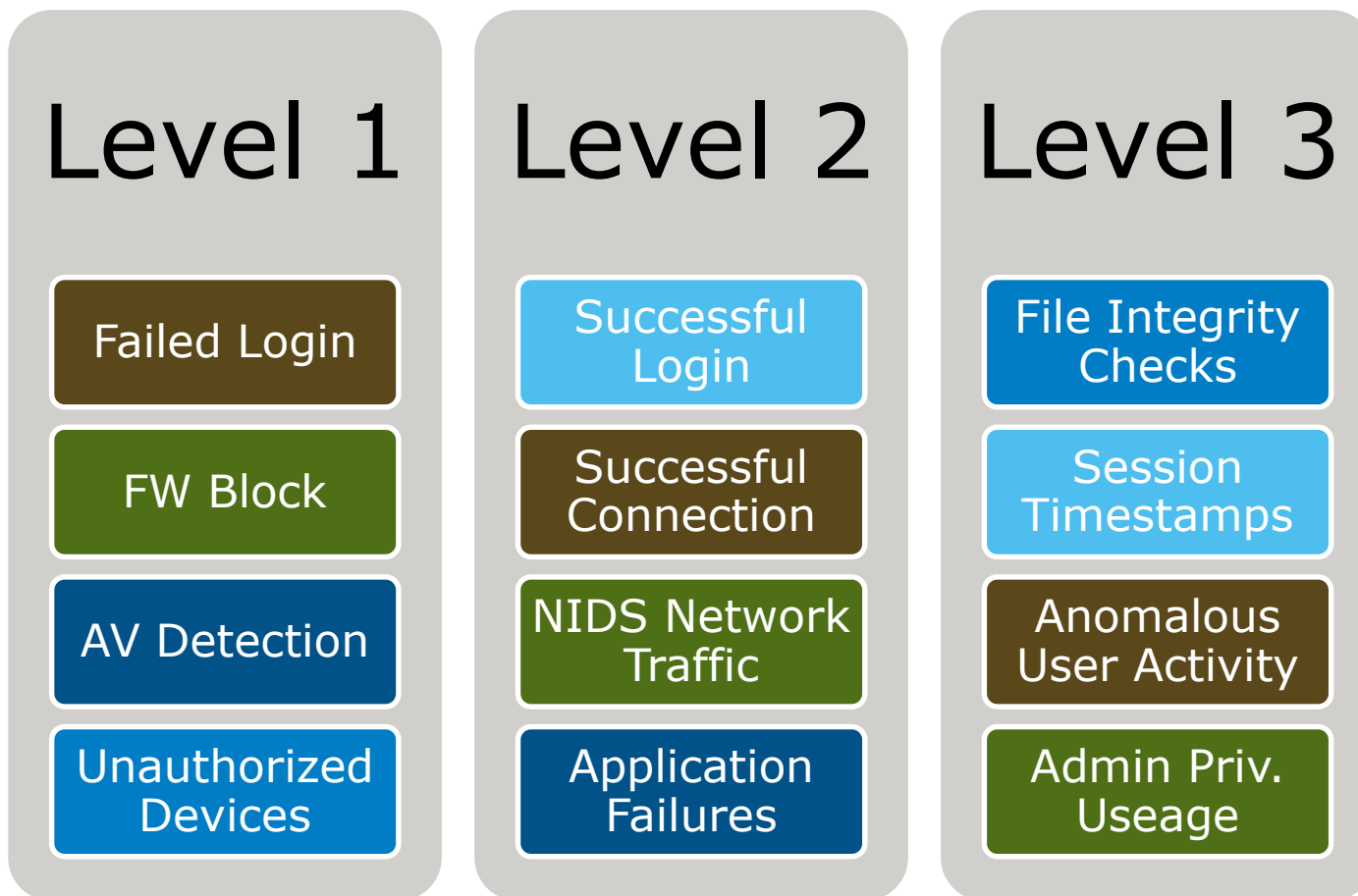
- This is a multi-dimensional challenge
- Yes, collecting, aggregating, and correlating log data will enhance visibility... But...
 - What are your current logging requirements?
 - How can your requirements better enhance monitoring?
 - What happens when an alarm is sounding?
- Buying a product and implementing only solves part of the challenge:
 - How do existing policies and procedures enhance the technology?
 - What needs to be changed to support operation of the technology?
 - Are you staffed and equipped to handle pre and post monitoring activities?

Using Cyber-monitoring To Your Advantage

- Think of logging in levels:
 - **Level 1:** Logging of **FAILED** login attempts
 - **Level 2:** Logging of **SUCCESSFUL** login attempts
 - **Level 3:** Logging of **SESSION** timestamps / windows
- By logging in “levels” you equip your network to more accurately track events from origin to end
- Think of how an attacker would attack your system... log accordingly
- TUNE YOUR EQUIPMENT

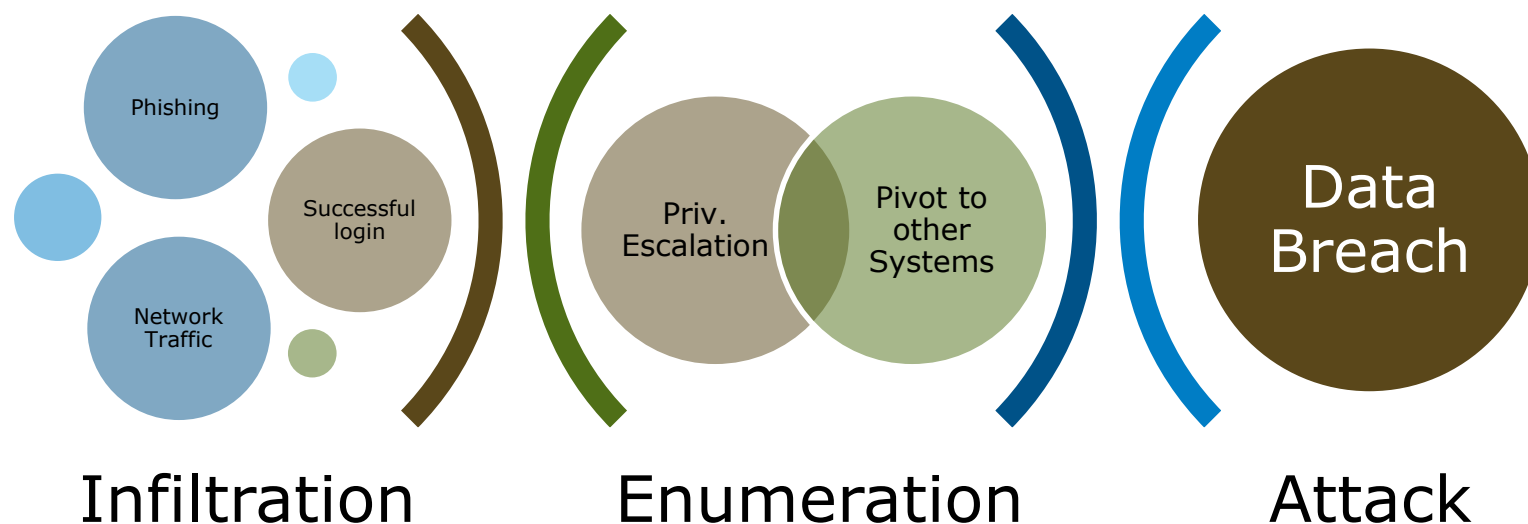


Using Cyber-Monitoring To Your Advantage



Using Cyber-Monitoring To Your Advantage

- When an attack occurs, follow the kill-chain
- A kill-chain is all of the events in sequential order which led to a successful attack
- By logging in “levels” kill-chains have more depth and detail and can enumerate *more* systems which may have been compromised
- Following the kill-chain requires trained and skilled staff who conduct Incident Response (IR)





Scenario Based Discussion

Cybersecurity Monitoring in Modern Transit

Scenario #1: Nation State Attacker

- You are a local-government subsidized (heavy) passenger rail organization who transports ~2 million monthly
- You have recently implemented a new control system software which has deeper visibility, connectivity, and capability in regards to “controlling” your locomotives
- After being notified of a breach in your vendor’s network, you have implemented a Systems Information and Event Monitoring (SIEM) capability
- *How would you enhance your network in hopes of identifying probing and/or breach by a Nation State?*

Nation State attacks may not be malicious in nature... They may seek intelligence or financial gain/intellectual property.

Scenario #2: Cyber-Terrorism Attacker

- You have recently thwarted a Nation State level attacker because of your due diligence in implementing a SIEM
- Now a terrorist group has decided they are going to target and attack your infrastructure
- While your network is now logging detailed information, your physical and critical field devices have been un-modified
- Your enterprise networks have been getting hit daily by Denial-of-Service (DoS) attacks by other entities and you now fear they may go after your field devices
- *What can be done in terms of monitoring to better enhance your security posture and threat detection?*

Cyber-terrorism or Hacktivism may pose the largest cyber-threat to safety in transportation

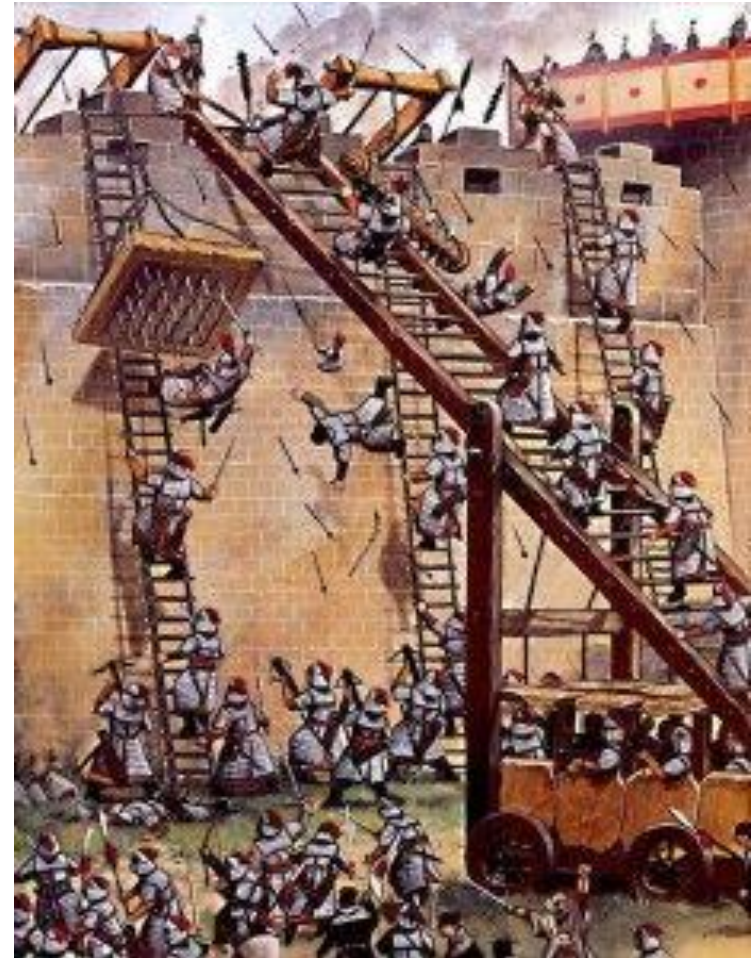
Scenario #3: Inside Attacker

- Your organization has recently undergone a workforce reduction within your control facility
- A number of your long-time, adept systems admins and programmers have been notified they will be let-go at the end of the quarter
- Currently, your organization does not readily track log implementation (you only log at Level 1)
- It was decided years ago that admins and other key personnel would have USB/Flash Storage access on all systems
- *What can be done in terms of monitoring to better enhance your security posture and threat detection?*

Insider threats are a grim reality that every organization must face regardless of industry or purpose.

Wrapping It Up: Cybersecurity Monitoring = Resiliency

- Why won't cybersecurity monitoring stop an attack?
- How can cybersecurity monitoring assist and enhance the detection of an attack?
- There is no plug-n-play solution
- Follow the kill-chain
- Cybersecurity isn't a tool. It's a philosophy
- What's the end-goal? **Resiliency**





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